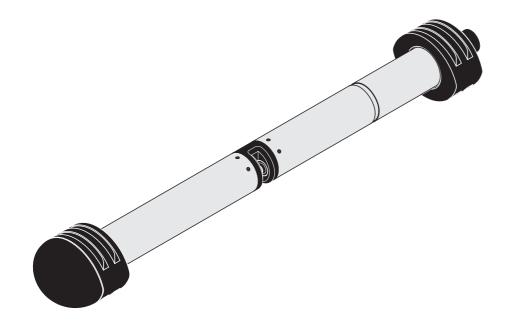
OPERATING MANUAL

ba75950e03 05/2017



CarboVis 701 IQ TS CarboVis 705 IQ TS

OPTICAL SENSOR FOR CARBON SUM PARAMETERS AND TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS (TSS)



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CarboVis 70x IQ TS Contents

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CarboVis 70x IQ TS Overview

1 Overview

1.1 How to use this component operating manual

Structure of the IQ SENSOR NET operating manual

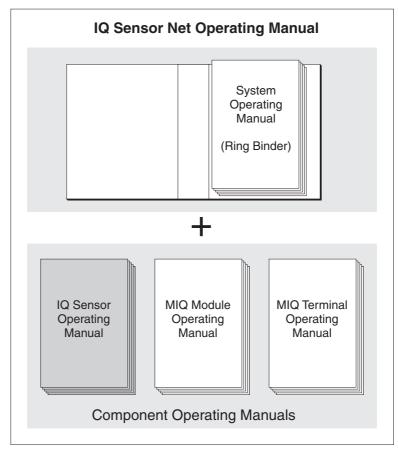


Fig. 1-1 Structure of the IQ SENSOR NET operating manual

The IQ Sensor Net operating manual has a modular structure like the IQ Sensor Net itself. It consists of a system operating manual and the operating manuals of all the components used.

Please file this component operating manual into the ring binder of the system operating manual.

Overview CarboVis 70x IQ TS

1.2 Field of application

The range of application comprises control, feedback control and monitoring.

Measuring location

CarboVis 701 IQ TS Inlet or outlet for higher parameter values (see

section 8.1 MEASUREMENT CHARACTERISTICS)

CarboVis 705 IQ TS Outlet for lower parameter values (see section

8.1 MEASUREMENT CHARACTERISTICS)

Ultrasound cleaning system

The ultrasound cleaning system ensures low maintenance and long-term reliable measurement operation.

The ultrasound source integrated in the sensor excites the measurement windows to produce vibrations in the ultrasound range. The movement of the surface as a result of this prevents the growth of pollution in almost all cases and, thus, ensures reliable measured values during continuous operation.

Compressed air cleaning (option)

The sensor is designed to be equipped with an additional compressed air-driven cleaning system, which supports the ultrasound cleaning system as necessary.

1.3 Measuring principle of the sensor CarboVis 70x IQ TS

The sensor operates according to the measuring principle of UV-VIS- spectrometry.

Any substance present in a measuring solution attenuates a light beam that penetrates the measuring solution. The attenuation (absorbance) of the light beam is measured for individual wavelengths. The wavelength dependent distribution produces the absorbance spectrum.

The wavelength range where an absorbance occurs is characteristic of the substance. The extent of the absorbance depends on the amount of the substance.

The influence of typical interference matrix variants occurring at municipal waste water treatment plants can be eliminated by including the entire absorbance spectrum.

With this measuring principle, measuring does not take place continuously but at intervals.

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Overview

1.4 Structure of the sensor CarboVis 70x IQ TS

The sensor has a light source (1), a measuring gap (3) to enable the contact of light with the measuring solution, and a detector (5) to measure the attenuated light beam.

The sender of the optical system (2) directs a light beam, the measuring beam (6), through the measuring solution and a second light beam, the reference beam (8), over a distance without measuring solution. The test sample is between both measurement windows (3) in the measuring gap.

The receiver of the optical system (4) directs the measuring beam and reference beam to the detector. In the detector, the light is received by fixed photo diodes.

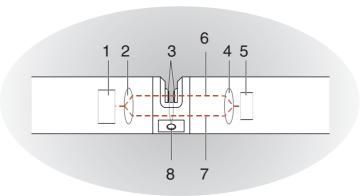


Fig. 1-2 Structure of the sensor

1	Light source
2	Sender of the optical system
3	Measuring gap between the measurement windows
4	Receiver of the optical system
5	Detector
6	Measuring beam
7	Reference beam
8	Connection for the optional compressed air cleaning system

Safety CarboVis 70x IQ TS

2 Safety

2.1 Safety information

2.1.1 Safety information in the operating manual

This operating manual provides important information on the safe operation of the product. Read this operating manual thoroughly and make yourself familiar with the product before putting it into operation or working with it. The operating manual must be kept in the vicinity of the sensor so you can always find the information you need.

Important safety instructions are highlighted in this operating manual. They are indicated by the warning symbol (triangle) in the left column. The signal word (e.g. "CAUTION") indicates the level of danger:



WARNING

indicates a possibly dangerous situation that can lead to serious (irreversible) injury or death if the safety instruction is not followed.



CAUTION

indicates a possibly dangerous situation that can lead to slight (reversible) injury if the safety instruction is not followed.

NOTE

indicates a situation where goods might be damaged if the actions mentioned are not taken.

2.1.2 Safety signs on the product

Note all labels, information signs and safety symbols on the product. A warning symbol (triangle) without text refers to safety information in this operating manual.

2.1.3 Further documents providing safety information

The following documents provide additional information, which you should observe for your safety when working with the measuring system:

- Operating manuals of other components of the IQ SENSOR NET system (power packs, controller, accessories)
- Safety datasheets of calibration and maintenance equipment (e.g. cleaning solutions).

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Safety

2.2 Safe operation

2.2.1 Authorized use

The authorized use of the CarboVis 70x IQ TS consists of its use as a sensor in the IQ SENSOR NET. Only the operation and running of the sensor according to the instructions and technical specifications given in this operating manual is authorized (see chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA). Any other use is considered unauthorized.

2.2.2 Requirements for safe operation

Note the following points for safe operation:

- The product may only be operated according to the authorized use specified above.
- The product may only be supplied with power by the energy sources mentioned in this operating manual.
- The product may only be operated under the environmental conditions mentioned in this operating manual.
- The product may not be opened.

2.2.3 Unauthorized use

The product must not be put into operation if:

- it is visibly damaged (e.g. after being transported)
- it was stored under adverse conditions for a lengthy period of time (storing conditions, see chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA).

Commissioning CarboVis 70x IQ TS

3 Commissioning

3.1 IQ SENSOR NET system requirements

Software versions of the controller and terminal components

The operation of the CarboVis 70x IQ TS requires the following software versions in the IQ Sensor Net:

•	DIQ/S 28X	Controller software:	version 3.72 or nigner
•	DIQ/S 182	Controller software:	Version 3.45 or higher
•	MIQ/MC3	Controller software:	Version 3.72 or higher
•	MIQ/MC2	Controller software:	Version 3.72 or higher
•	MIQ TC 2020 XT	Controller software:	Version 3.72 or higher

For cleaning with compressed air via a relay

● DIQ/S 28X	Controller software:	Version 3.72 or higher
• DIQ/S 182	Software version:	Version 3.45 or higher
• MIQ/CR3	Software version:	Version 2.90 or higher
• MIQ/R6	Software version:	Version 2.90 or higher
MIQ/CHV PLUS	Software version:	Version 2.90 or higher

3.2 Scope of delivery of the CarboVis 70x IQ TS

The following parts are included in the scope of delivery:

- SensorCarboVis 70x IQ TS
- Sensor sleeve
- Shock protectors
- Operating manual

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Commissioning

3.3 Installation

3.3.1 Mounting the sensor

NOTE

The sensor is an optical precision instrument that should be protected against shocks. Make sure that the distances to the wall, bottom and other installation surroundings are sufficient. If necessary, protect the sensor from hitting with the protective ring provided. Mount any fixing elements only on the stable metal shaft.

NOTE

Always make sure the surface of the enclosure is not damaged by sharp-edged objects. The enclosure of the sensor may not touch any metallic objects in order to prevent contact corrosion.

NOTE

Do not suspend the sensor on the sensor connection cable. Risk of cable break and water penetration at the cable gland.

A wide range of mounting accessories is available for the installation of the CarboVis 70x IQ TS (see chapter 6 SPARE PARTS, MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT, ACCESSORIES). Thus, all prevalent ways of mounting are possible.

Generally, observe the following general rules when mounting the sensor at the measuring location:

Horizontal installation

When mounting the sensor horizontally, the measuring gap opening should be on the side. Thus, any air bubbles can escape upward after cleaning and no sediment can collect in the measuring gap. The sensor should be aligned in parallel with the flow direction.

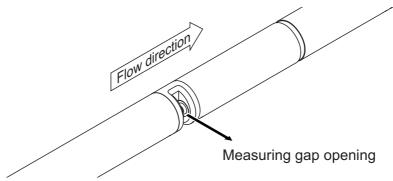


Fig. 3-1 Horizontal installation

Commissioning CarboVis 70x IQ TS

Vertical installation

For vertical installation, mount the sensor in a position that allows interfering elements in the measuring gap to escape with the current. In the case of vertical installation, the minimum flow rate is 0.2 m/s so the measuring gap is kept clean optimally.

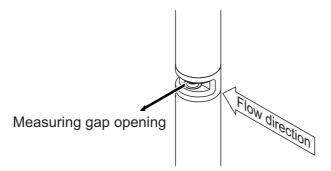


Fig. 3-2 Vertical installation

Protection against shocks

When installing the sensor, always make sure it cannot knock against a wall or another obstacle. Make sure the safety margins are sufficient (e. g. with suspended mounting).

Mount the enclosed shock protectors (see section 3.3.2). Their soft rubber compound absorbs hard impacts.

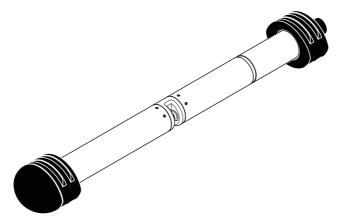


Fig. 3-3 Sensor with mounted shock protectors

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Commissioning

3.3.2 Mounting the shock protectors

The shock protectors consist of two rings, a cap and four cable ties. To mount the shock protectors, proceed as follows:

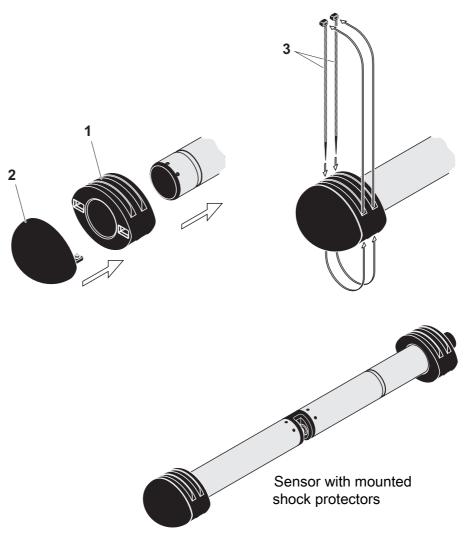


Fig. 3-4 Mounting the shock protectors

- 1. Plug the cap (pos. 2 in Fig. 3-4) on one of the two rings (pos. 1).
- 2. Put the assembled unit on the sensor end and fix it with 2 cable ties (pos. 3) as shown in Fig. 3-4.
- 3. Put the second ring on the cable end of the sensor and fix it with the remaining two cable ties in the same way.

Commissioning CarboVis 70x IQ TS

3.3.3 Connecting the sensor to the IQ SENSOR NET

Connection cable

A sensor connection cable of the SACIQ or SACIQ SW type is required to connect the sensor. The cable is available in different lengths. Compared to the standard model SACIQ, the SACIQ SW sensor connection cable is optimized regarding its corrosion resistance in seawater and brackish water and adapted for use in conjunction with the CarboVis 70x IQ TS. Information on this and other IQ SENSOR NET accessories is given in the WTW catalog and on the Internet.



How to connect the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable to the terminal strip of an MIQ module is described in chapter 3 INSTALLATION of the IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

Are the plug connections dry?

Before connecting the sensor and sensor connection cable, please make sure the plug connections are dry. If moisture gets into the plug connections, first dry the plug connections (dab them dry or blow them dry using compressed air).

NOTE

Do not suspend the sensor on the sensor connection cable but use the suitable mounting equipment. Information on this and other IQ SENSOR NET accessories is given in the WTW catalog and on the Internet.

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Commissioning

Connecting the sensor to the sensor connection cable

1. Take the protective caps off the plug connections of the sensor and the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable and keep them safe.

- 2. Plug the socket of the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable onto the plug head connector of the sensor. At the same time, rotate the socket so that the pin in the plug head connector (1) clicks into one of the two holes in the socket.
- 3. Then screw the coupling ring (2) of the sensor connection cable onto the sensor up to the stop.

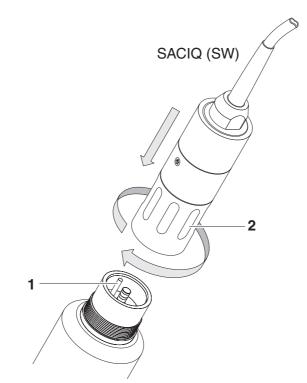


Fig. 3-5 Connect the sensor

Commissioning CarboVis 70x IQ TS

3.4 Initial commissioning

3.4.1 General information



CAUTION

Never look into the measuring window or put objects into the measuring window during operation! The emitted UV radiation can damage the eyes!

In the case of authorized use, inadvertent eye contact with the light beam is not possible.

Measuring location

The sensor is prepared for operation in the outlet of the waste water treatment plant and calibrated in the factory. For use in the inlet you only have to change the *Measuring location* setting.

The sensor is immediately ready to measure.



How to adjust the settings is described in the following section (section 3.4.3).

Use calibration after initial ommissioning

On the basis of a reference measurement ("laboratory value"), check whether the default settings deliver sufficiently accurate measured values or whether you want to carry out a user calibration (see section 4.3 CALIBRATION).

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Commissioning

3.4.2 Sensor structure

The physical sensor is the sensor with the instrument or model designation, CarboVis 70x IQ TS. The physical sensor processes the measurement signal (absorbance spectrum) and supplies up to 5 measurement results to the IQ SENSOR NET. The measurement results are administrated like 5 sensors that differ in hierarchy as follows:

Main sensor

The sensor for carbon measurement is the **main sensor**.

It registers on the system under the designation, CarboVis 70x IQ TS and the series number of the physical sensor.

Secondary sensor

The sensor for the measurement of total suspended solids is the **secondary sensor**.

It registers on the system under the designation, SolidVis 70x IQ and the series number of the physical sensor.

Virtual sensors

All other sensors for carbon measurement are virtual sensors.

You register on the system under the designation, CarboVis 70x IQ TS and the series number of the physical sensor.

Sensor overlapping settings and functions

Some settings and functions are sensor overlapping. Sensor overlapping settings are generally edited in the setting menu of the main sensor.

These are the most important sensor overlapping settings and functions:

- Measuring location
- Times of the measuring cycle (Meas. interval, Cleaning duration Air, Adjustment phase etc.)
- Signal smoothing

Commissioning CarboVis 70x IQ TS

3.4.3 Settings for the main sensor

Measuring cycle

A measuring cycle consists of the cleaning procedure, the adjustment time for the measuring system and the determination of the measured value. The following graphic demonstrates the relevant settings:

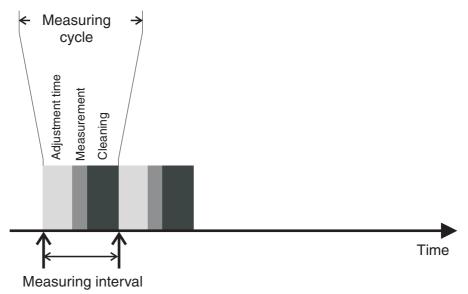


Fig. 3-6 Measuring cycle of the sensor

Carrying out settings

Using <S>, switch from the measured value display to the main menu of the settings. Then navigate to the setting menu (setting table) of the sensor. The procedure is described in detail in your IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.



A change of the following settings will take some time (up to a few minutes) until it can be seen in the measured value display:

- Measuring mode
- Measuring location
- Number of C-sensors

Further changes can only be made when the last changes are visible in the measured value display.

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Commissioning

Default values are marked in **bold**.

Menu item	Settings	Explanations
Measuring mode	 COD spectr., total COD spectr., dissolv TOC spectr., correl. BOD spectr., correl. DOC spectr., correl. SAC 254, total SAC 254, dissolved UVT 254, total UVT 254, dissolved 	The measured parameter is displayed in the selected citation form. When changing the <i>Measuring mode</i> setting, always check the <i>Measuring location</i> setting. If the previously set measurement location is not available for the selected measuring mode, the measurement location is automatically changed.
Measuring location	OutletInletActivation	 Measurement location or application of the sensor. The possible measurement locations are displayed depending on the currently set measuring mode. The sample matrix on which the calculation of the measured value is based changes with the location of the sensor. The measurement location Activation can only be selected for Measuring mode COD spectr., dissolv. When the measurement location is changed, all virtual sensors are deleted.
Measuring range	-	Display of the measuring range (see chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA).
Cal - # raw value 1	Value pairs of the user calibration (see section 4.3.2). Note: Leave those values unchanged during the initial commissioning.	
Cal - ref. value 1		
Cal - # raw value 2		
Cal - ref. value 2		
Number of C-sensors	1 4	Apart from the main sensor, up to 4 more sensors can be displayed. The settings for the additional sensors are done in the menus for the respective sensors.

Commissioning CarboVis 70x IQ TS

Menu item	Settings	Explanations
Zero adjustment	Factory User	Setting of which zero adjustment is used in the sensor. • Factory zero adjustment or
		 Zero adjustment carried out last
Signal smoothing	• <i>On</i> • <i>Off</i>	Switching on/off the signal smoothing. For details, see <i>Response time t90</i> .
Response time t90	3 60 min	Response time of the signal smoothing. Depending on the sample matrix, measured values can vary more or less strongly (e.g. due to foreign bodies or air bubbles). The signal filter (here, the <i>Response time t90</i>) reduces the limits of variation of the measured values. The <i>Response time t90</i> specifies the time after which 90 % of a signal change are displayed. This menu item is only available with: <i>Signal smoothing = On</i> The specified time is used as a guide value for low (10 min) to high (60 min) signal smoothing and can deviate from the value that was set.
Cleaning mode	• <i>On</i> • <i>Off</i>	Switching on/off the automatic, time-controlled cleaning function.
Cleaning type	 Ultrasound Air Ultrasound+air	Cleaning methods / adjustment time This menu item is only available with: Cleaning mode = On
		The duration of the cleaning procedure with air is set in the menu item <i>Cleaning duration Air</i> .

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Commissioning

Menu item	Settings	Explanations
Cleaning duration Air	0,5 10 300 s	This menu item is only available with: Cleaning type = Air and Cleaning type = Ultrasound+air For this setting to come into effect, the setting Settings of outputs and links Relay function Sensor controlled Puls duration Automatic has to be selected for the linked relay. Please note the software requirements for the components with relay outputs, MIQ/CR3, MIQ/R6, MIQ/CHVPlus, DIQ/S 182, DIQ/S 28X (see section 3.1).
Save and quit	-	The system confirms the saving of the settings and the display switches to the next higher level.
Quit	-	The display switches to the next higher level without storing the new settings.

3.4.4 Settings for virtual sensors

Carrying out settings

Using <S>, switch from the measured value display to the main menu of the settings. Then navigate to the setting menu (setting table) of the sensor. The procedure is described in detail in your IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

Default values are marked in **bold**.

Menu item	Settings	Explanations
Measuring mode (CarboVis 70x IQ)	COD spectr., total	The measured parameter is displayed in the selected citation form.
(Carbovis 70x iQ)	• COD spectr., dissolv	in the selected ditation form.
	• TOC spectr., correl.	
	BOD spectr., correl.	
	DOC spectr., correl.	
	• SAC 254, total	
	SAC 254, dissolved	
	● UVT 254, total*	
	● UVT 254, dissolved*	

Commissioning CarboVis 70x IQ TS

Menu item	Settings	Explanations	
Measuring location	OutletInletActivation	Measurement location or application of the sensor. The setting is done in the setting menu of the relevant main sensor.	
Measuring range	-	Display of the measuring range (see chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA).	
Cal - # raw value 1	Value pairs of the user calibration (see section 4.3.2). Note: Leave those values unchanged during the initial commissioning.		
Cal - ref. value 1			
Cal - # raw value 2			
Cal - ref. value 2			
Main sensor		Information that there are further sensor overlapping settings in the setting menu of the relevant main sensor (<i>Meas. interval, Cleaning duration Air, Signal smoothing</i> etc.).	
Save and quit	-	The system confirms the saving of the settings and the display switches to the next higher level.	
Quit	-	The display switches to the next higher level without storing the new settings.	

^{*} The UVT-254 value is standardized to 10 mm gap width.

3.4.5 Settings of the secondary sensor (TSS measurement)

Carrying out settings

Using **<S>**, switch from the measured value display to the main menu of the settings. Then navigate to the setting menu (setting table) of the sensor. The procedure is described in detail in your IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

Default values are marked in **bold**.

Menu item	Settings	Explanations
Measuring mode	TSS	Display of the measuring mode (TSS = total suspended solids measurement)
Measuring range	-	Display of the measuring range (see chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA).

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Commissioning

Menu item	Settings	Explanations
Cal - # raw value 1	Value pairs of the user calibration for TSS measurement (see section 4.3.2). Note: Leave those values unchanged during the initial commissioning.	
Cal - ref. value 1		
Cal - # raw value 2		
Cal - ref. value 2		
Main sensor		Information that there are further sensor overlapping settings in the setting menu of the relevant main sensor (<i>Meas. interval</i> , <i>Cleaning duration Air</i> , <i>Signal smoothing</i> etc.).
Save and quit	-	The system confirms the saving of the settings and the display switches to the next higher level.
Quit	-	The display switches to the next higher level without storing the new settings.

4 Measurement / Operation

4.1 Determination of measured values

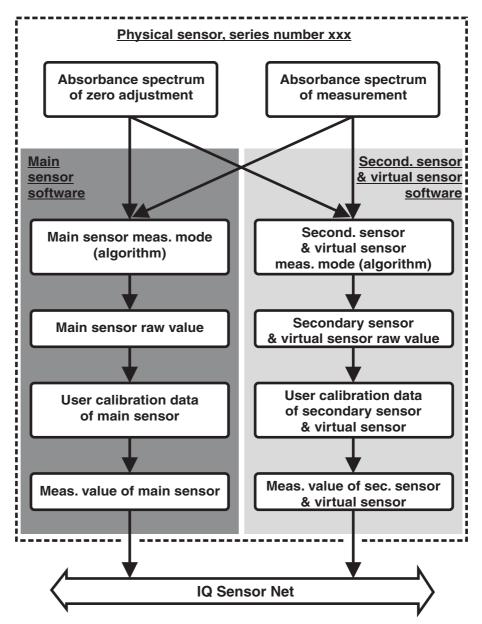


Fig. 4-1 Determination of measured values

During a measurement, the absorbance spectrum of the test sample is recorded and set against the stored absorbance spectrum of a zero adjustment (measurement in ultrapure water). The algorithm for the calculation depends on the selected application and/or the measuring location. The resulting raw value can be adjusted to an independent reference measurement with the aid of a so-called user calibration.

4.2 Measurement operation



CAUTION

Never look into the measuring window or put objects into the measuring window during operation! The emitted UV radiation can damage the eyes!

In the case of authorized use, inadvertent eye contact with the light beam is not possible.

Measured value display

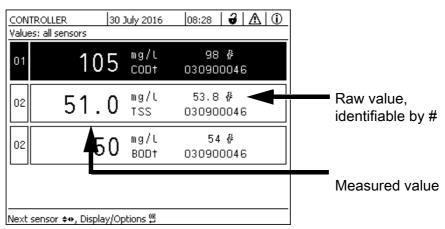


Fig. 4-2

Factors affecting the measured values

The following factors can adversely affect the measurement quality:

- The measuring gap is not sufficiently filled and flowed through by the test sample
- Foreign bodies and air bubbles are in the measuring gap
- Extraordinary changes (interferences) of the sample matrix
- Contaminated measurement windows due to difficult sample matrix
- Damaged measuring windows
- Lacking quality of the zero adjustment, e. g. due to contaminated ultrapure water
- The user calibration is not representative (or erroneous)

4.3 Calibration

4.3.1 Overview

In the delivery condition, the sensor is precalibrated and ready to measure (see section 3.4.1).

There are two types of calibration that are included into the calculation of the

measured value at different points (see section 4.1):

- User calibration (see section 4.3.2)
- Sensor check/Zero adjustment (see section 4.3.3).

An overview diagram of the calibration procedures can be found on page 4 - 33.

User calibration

With a user calibration you compensate for the influence of the test sample. The user calibration requires a successful *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* and a valid *Zero adjustment*.

We recommend to check the current user calibration against independent comparison measurements if you suspect a basic change of the characteristics of the test sample. If the comparison measurements show clear deviations, these can be compensated by a user calibration.

Recalibration after a change of the measuring location



Each time after the application or measurement location was changed, we recommend to carry out a *Zero adjustment* (and, if the *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* was not successful, also a *Zero adjustment* with user calibration if necessary) (With a change of the *Measuring location* setting).



The data of the user calibration are stored in the IQ SENSOR NET controller and thus assigned to the measuring location (not to the sensor). The calibration data of the *Zero adjustment* are stored in the sensor.

Sensor check (H2O dest.)

The characteristics of a sensor and thus the measured values provided by it change in the course of time.

The reasons for this can be the aging of the sensor, or contamination or mechanical damage of the sensor. Contamination or mechanical damage in the area of the measuring chamber or on the measurement windows affect the measured values.



In spectroscopy, even very small contamination that is not visible to the eye can considerably affect the measured value.

The proper and thorough cleaning of the sensor is the basis for reliable measurement data.

A *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* determines the condition of the sensor. By checking the sensor with the aid of the *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* you can rapidly see any changes of the sensor and whether it needs to be cleaned or if any other actions have to be taken.

A *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* should be carried out twice per year at regular intervals. An extraordinary *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* should be carried out if you suspect that the sensor has been damaged such as by mechanical shock, or if the measured values do not seem plausible.

Zero adjustment

While the *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* just determines the current state of the sensor, a *Zero adjustment* can be used to compensate for changes of the sensor. A zero adjustment can be required if, for example, the *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* is not successful even after the sensor was thoroughly cleaned.



The sensor should always be very thoroughly cleaned prior to a zero adjustment.

If the *Zero adjustment* is not successful, the sensor is blocked for measurement. A successful *Zero adjustment* is required for the determination of measured values.

Sensor check (standard)

Use the *Sensor check (standard)* to check the sensor with a standard solution (see chapter 6 SPARE PARTS, MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT, ACCESSORIES). During the check, the recorded spectrum is compared to a reference spectrum of the standard solution stored in the sensor.

4.3.2 User calibration

Calibration points and value pairs

The adjustment is carried out at one or two points within the measuring range. A value pair is determined at each point. Each value pair consists of the raw value of the CarboVis 70x IQ TS sensor and the corresponding reference value.

Each value pair has to be determined at the same time and place as the test sample as possible. At the time of the calibration, the test sample should be in a condition that is typical of the application.

Selection of calibration points

If the required accuracy is low, the default setting of the first value pair can be adopted unchanged. The first value pair is equivalent to the zero point in this case. The second value pair should be close to the working point of the application. This method results in a single-point calibration.

If the application has to cover a wide value range with high measuring accuracy, both value pairs should be used for calibration. When doing so, the calibration value pairs should be determined and input at the limits of the application range as possible.

You obtain samples of different concentrations e. g. by taking two samples during clearly different conditions of the plant (dry period and rain period).



The measurement results will be ever more accurate the closer the composition of the test sample corresponds to the status at the time of the calibration. If there is a fundamental change of the characteristics of the sample, a new calibration may be necessary.

Storage location of user calibration data

The calibration data of the user calibration are stored in the IQ SENSOR NET controller. They are loaded into the sensor during operation and automatically assigned to the replacement sensor if the sensor is exchanged.

Performing a user calibration

Proceed as follows if you want to perform a user calibration:

- 1. Bring the sensor into the measuring position.
- 2. Switch to the measured value display with **<M>**.
- 3. Use <▲▼◀▶> to select the CarboVis 70x IQ TS sensor.
- 4. Call up calibration with **<C>**. The *Maintenance condition: Linked outputs are frozen.* window appears.



By activating the maintenance condition, linked outputs remain in their present state. The cleaning and the determination of measured values are switched off. The measured value display shows a flashing, invalid measured value ("----").

- 5. Confirm the maintenance condition with **<OK>**.
- 6. Select the menu item, *Single measurement*. The measurement is started. After measuring, read the raw value (without dimension) and note it down. In the case of fluctuating values, carry out several measurements and average the individual raw values.
- 7. Take a sample at the same time as the measurement and as close to the sensor as possible.
- 8. Determine the reference value and note it down as a value pair together with the raw value.
- 9. For a two-point calibration:
 Determine the second value pair (step 6 to step 8).



At least one value pair and a maximum of two value pairs can be entered for a valid calibration. The values must be in ascending order. If they are not in ascending order, a calibration error will occur.

- 10. CarboVis 70x IQ TS Switch off the maintenance condition (use <▲▼◀▶> to select the sensor, press <**OK>** and make the setting in the *Anzeige/Optionen* menu).
- 11. Switch to the measured value display with **<M>**. The measured value stops flashing.
- 12. Sort the values pairs in ascending order.
- 13. In the *Settings of sensors and diff. sensors* menu, enter the value pair or pairs (see the following table).



The entry of calibration values outside the measuring range leads to a calibration error.

Default values are marked in bold.

Menu item	Settings	Explanations
Cal - # raw value 1	<u>CarboVis:</u> -10000,00 0,00 20000,00 SolidVis:	Raw value of the first value pair (lower concentration). For single-point calibration, enter 0.
	-10000,00 0,00 5000,00	
Cal - ref. value 1	CarboVis: 0,00 20000,00 SolidVis:	Reference value of the first value pair (lower concentration). For single-point calibration, enter 0.
	0,00 5000,00	
Cal - # raw value 2	<u>CarboVis:</u> -10000,00 0,00 20000,00	Raw value of the second value pair (higher concentration) or raw value of the single-point calibration.
	<u>SolidVis:</u> -10000,00 0,00 5000,00	
Cal - ref. value 2	CarboVis: 0,00 20000,00	Reference value of the second value pair (higher concentration) or reference value of the single-point calibration.
	SolidVis: 0,00 5000,00	

Calibration evaluation

The entered calibration data are checked for plausibility by the system. The check can have the following results:

Display	Meaning/actions	
Measured value display	Successful new valid calibration value pairs were entered for the sensor.	
""	Calibration value pairs not accepted. Sensor is blocked for measurement. A log book message is generated. Causes:	
	Ascending order not observed.	
	At least one value is outside the measuring range.	



Information on the contents and structure of the log book and how you can call it up is given in the LOG BOOK chapter of the IQ Sensor Net system operating manual.

The user calibration is not recorded in the calibration history. You can, however, view the current value pairs in the *Settings of sensors and diff. sensors* menu at any time.

4.3.3 Sensor check/Zero adjustment

NOTE

The sensor check or Zero adjustment must be carried out under absolutely clean conditions. If you do not work carefully enough the Zero adjustment can deteriorate the measuring quality.

Ultrapure water (H2O dist.)

As ultrapure water exclusively use distilled or deionized water that is suitable for analysis purposes.

Storage location of the *Zero adjustment* data

The data of the sensor checks are not stored.

The data of the user zero adjustment are stored in the sensor.

Outlet

A successful *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* is the prerequisite for a valid user calibration. After each *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* the sensor is evaluated. A changed sensor evaluation proves that the cleaning was effective.

The steps of the sensor check or *Zero adjustment* are identical except for the used check solutions (ultrapure water or standard solution) and are described together below. The sensor check and *Zero adjustment* are carried out with the aid of the sensor sleeve.

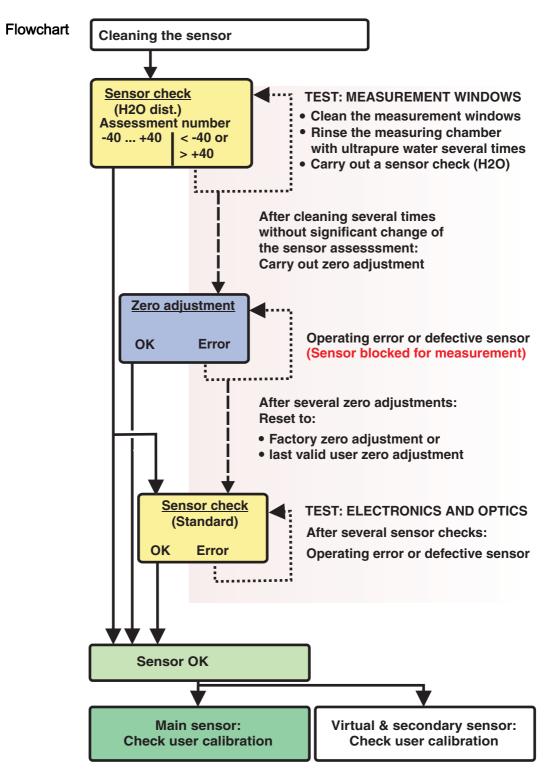


Fig. 4-3 Overview of Sensortest/Zero adjustment and user calibration.

Preparing the sensor check or Zero adjustment

Prepare the sensor check or *Zero adjustment* as follows:

- 1. Switch to the measured value display with **<M>**.
- 2. Use <▲▼◀▶> to select the CarboVis 70x IQ TS sensor.
- 3. Call up calibration with **<C>**. The *Maintenance condition: Linked outputs are frozen.* window appears.



By activating the maintenance condition, linked outputs remain in their present state. The cleaning and the determination of measured values are switched off. The measured value display shows a flashing, invalid measured value ("----").

- 4. Confirm the maintenance condition with **<OK>**.
- 5. Take the sensor out of the test sample.
- 6. Remove the blind plug or unscrew the compressed air connection from the sensor.
- 7. Thoroughly clean the sensor enclosure, sensor sleeve and the compressed air channels (see section 5.1 MAINTENANCE).

 To finish the cleaning procedure, thoroughly rinse the entire sensor with ultrapure water.
- 8. Mount the cleaned sensor sleeve:
 - Loosen both coupling rings on the sensor sleeve.
 - Put the sensor sleeve on the sensor and align it:
 - The measuring gap is in the center of the sensor sleeve
 - The filling opening of the sensor sleeve and the measuring gap opening of the sensor are offset by 90°.
 - Tighten both coupling rings on the sensor sleeve by hand.

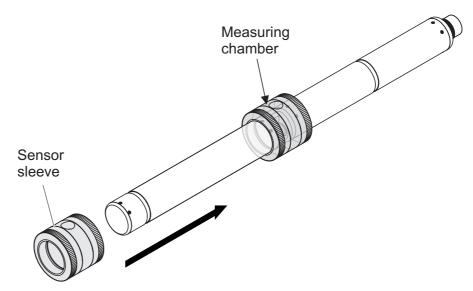


Fig. 4-4 Putting the sensor sleeve on the sensor

- 9. Put the sensor in a horizontal position on a firm and vibration-free surface. Turn the filling opening of the sensor sleeve upward (Fig. 4-4).
- 10. Rinse the measuring chamber with ultrapure water at least 3 times.
- 11. For Sensor check (H2O dest.) or Zero adjustment. Fill the measuring chamber with ultrapure water.

or

- For Sensor check (standard): Fill the measuring chamber with standard solution (see section 6).
- 12. If there are any air bubbles on the measuring windows remove them by gently knocking on the sensor sleeve with a bar.



Carry out the intended sensor check or *Zero adjustment* directly after filling the sensor sleeve. If you wait longer, the result of the Sensor check/*Zero adjustment* will be affected.

Carrying out the sensor check or Zero adjustment

- 13. Select the required option with <▲▼◀▶> and <OK>:
 - Sensor check (H2O dest.)
 - Zero adjustment
 - Sensor check (standard)
- 14. Confirm with **<OK>**.

A multipart checklist appears. Use it to check once more whether all preparations have been completed.

15. Confirm each checklist with **<OK>** until the *Start measurement* display appears.



Up to this point, you can break off the calibration procedure at any time with the **<ESC>** key. The system continues to work with the old calibration data. The maintenance condition, however, has to be switched off again in any case.

After starting the calibration with the **<OK>** key (step 16.) you can no longer cancel the calibration procedure.

16. Confirm with **<OK>**.

The measurement is started. After the end of the measurement the result appears. With the *Zero adjustment*, the result is entered in the calibration history at the same time.

Result after Sensor check (H2O dest.)

Rating number	Meaning
Zero range (-40 +40)	Sensor check (H2O dest.) successful (OK) (0 = no deviation)
Positive number (+40 +1000)	Measured values were too low. <u>Possible cause:</u> The measurement windows are contaminated.
Negative number (-401000)	Measured values were too high. Possible cause: During the last zero adjustment, the measurement windows were contaminated more than during the current sensor check.

If the rating number is not in the zero range:

Repeat the cleaning procedure and the *Sensor check (H2O dest.)* until the rating number no longer changes significantly.

If the rating number is still outside the zero range, a new zero adjustment is necessary.

Result after Zero adjustment

Result	Meaning	Sensor released for measurement
OK	Zero adjustment successful.	yes
Error	Zero adjustment not successful.	No ("")

If the result is erroneous, clean the sensor and all equipment once again. Then carry out a new *Zero adjustment* and when doing so make sure the conditions are absolutely clean.



If no valid zero adjustment is possible under the current conditions, you can restore the readiness for measurement by measuring with an older valid zero adjustment.

To do so, select the *Zero adjustment* setting in the sensor settings *Factory* (factory zero adjustment) or *User* (last valid user zero adjustment).

Then check the measurement results with a *Sensor check (standard)*. Suitable standards (check equipment) for your sensor are available as accessories (see chapter 6).

Result after Sensor check (standard)

Result	Meaning
OK	Sensor check (standard) successful.
Error	Sensor check (standard) not successful. Possible cause: wrong or expired standard

Completing the sensor check or Zero adjustment

After a successful sensor check or *Zero adjustment*, return to measurement as follows:

- 17. Confirm the calibration result with **<OK>**.
- 18. Confirm the message, "After successful cal ..." with **<OK>**.

 The display returns to the measured value display. The measured value flashes because the sensor is still in the maintenance condition.
- 19. Pour away the ultrapure water or standard solution and remove the sensor sleeve.
- 20. Screw in the blind plug or compressed air connector and install the sensor at the measuring site.
- 21. After the *Sensor check (standard)*:

 Thoroughly rinse the sensor and sensor sleeve with ultrapure water.
- 22. CarboVis 70x IQ TS Switch off the maintenance condition (use <▲▼◀▶> to select the sensor, press <**OK>** and make the setting in the *Display/Options* menu).
- 23. Switch to the measured value display with **<M>**. The measured value stops flashing.



Store the sensor sleeve in a clean environment, e. g. in a plastic bag, until the next sensor check or *Zero adjustment*.

5 Maintenance and cleaning

5.1 Maintenance

The UV-VIS- CarboVis 70x IQ TS sensor operates maintenance-free.

5.2 Sensor cleaning

5.2.1 Cleaning agents and accessories

Cleaning agents

To clean the sensor, use the following cleaning agents only:

Contamination	Cleaning agents
Water-soluble substances	 Primary cleaning: Tapwater, warm if possible (30 - 50 °C)
	 Precision cleaning: Household wash- ing-up liquid + ultrapure water.
Lime deposits	5 % hydrochloric acid *
Grease deposits	Mixture of isopropanol and water (approx. 70 % isopropanol) *

^{*} For the final cleaning prior to a *Sensor check* or *Zero adjustment*, only use cleaning agents with purity grade "for analysis". Finally, thoroughly rinse the sensor with ultrapure water.

Accessories

- Sponge
- Plastic-bristled brushes of different sizes.
 Interdental brushes are suitable for the cleaning of the compressed air channels
- Flocked cleaning cards (see accessories)
- Lens tissues
- Wash bottle

NOTE

Never use any pressure washer, steam blaster, abrasives or metal brushes to clean the sensor. Risk of damaging the sensor.

5.2.2 General steps to be taken

Depending on the application site and the level of contamination of the sensor as well as the coming job, the cleaning procedure includes the following parts:

- Every cleaning procedure starts with a basic cleaning. It removes tough grime such as incrustation of fouling matter, algae and biological deposits. If the sensor surface might be contaminated with pathogenic germs it should also be disinfected.
- Cleaning the measuring gap: Removal of lime deposits.
- Cleaning the measuring gap: Removal of grease deposits.
- Example 1 A heavily contaminated sensor, for which a *Sensor check* or *Zero adjustment* should be carried out, must run through all cleaning steps properly. During the cleaning process always keep all surfaces moist to prevent already dissolved contamination and detergents from drying ("working wet-on-wet"). Finally, thoroughly rinse off all remaining cleaning agents with ultrapure water.
- Example 2 If the sensor from example 1 should be cleaned on site during a routine visual inspection and should then continue measuring, a basic cleaning might possibly be sufficient.



The quoted examples and the following descriptions are intended to give a general guideline. Due to the sensor's wide range of application, the type and level of contamination can considerably vary. Therefore, the cleaning procedure has to be individually composed. If necessary, individual cleaning steps have to be changed or repeated several times until the result meets the requirements.

5.2.3 Basic cleaning

Steps of the basic cleaning

- 1. Take the sensor out of the test sample and remove any solid matter deposits and incrustation of fouling matter manually with a brush or sponge.
- 2. Wash the sensor down with warm tapwater (30 50 °C). Note: Do not use a pressure washer or steam blaster.
- If the sensor might be contaminated with pathogenic germs it should be disinfected with a surface disinfectant. This also applies to the cable and mounting parts.
 Note: Follow the instruction manual of the disinfectant (reaction time!).
- 4. Remove the blind plug or unscrew the compressed air connection from the sensor.
- 5. Clean the sensor with soapy water. When doing so, clean the area of the measuring gap and the compressed air channels very thoroughly. The compressed air channels can be cleaned with the aid of interdental brushes and rinsed with soapy water from a wash bottle.
- 6. Soak the flocked cleaning cards with soapy water and use them to clean the measuring gap as shown in the following figure. Cut suitable strips off the cleaning card to clean the bottom of the measuring gap. Then rinse the sensor with running warm tapwater and finally with a lot of ultrapure water.
- 7. Finally wipe the measurement window with a lens tissue.

After completing the cleaning procedure, screw in the blind plug or compressed air connection.

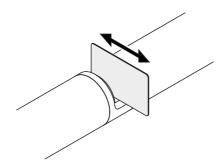
5.2.4 Cleaning the measuring gap

To remove lime or grease deposits, use the flocked cleaning cards together with the following detergents:

Contamination	Cleaning agents
Lime deposits	Hydrochloric acid 5 % for analysis
Grease deposits	Mixture of isopropanol and water (approx. 70 % isopropanol), made of 7 volume parts isopropanol for analysis and 3 volume parts ultrapure water

Proceeding

- Start by removing any lime deposits.
- Soak a flocked cleaning card with the relevant detergent and use it to clean the measuring windows according to step 6. in section 5.2.3 BASIC CLEANING.
 If necessary, leave the cleaning card in the measuring gap for a few minutes so the detergent can take effect.



- Thoroughly rinse with ultrapure water the measuring gap and the surrounding areas moistened with detergent.
- Then wipe the measurement window with a lens tissue. The surface of the measurement windows must be free of streaks.
- Protect the cleaned sensor against new contamination.

6 Spare parts, maintenance equipment, accessories

General accessories, replacement parts

Description	Model	Order no.
Calibration sleeve	VIS/CV	481 074
20 flocked cleaning cards for cleaning the measuring gap	VIS/CT	481 071
Cleaning set: – 20 flocked cleaning cards	VIS C/SET	481 079
 Cleaning solutions 		

Test equipment

Description	Model	Order no.
Standard 1 with low concentration for 5 mm UVVIS/SAC/NOx sensors	ST-1	481 077
Standard 2 with high concentration for 1 mm UVVIS/SAC/NOx sensors	ST-2	481 078

Components for the optional compressed air cleaning system

Description	Model	Order no.
Compressed air cleaning set with 15 m compressed-air hose, to be connected to a valve module or Cleaning Air Box	SET/AP	481 075
Active valve module (does not require a free relay output in the IQ SENSOR NET system)	MIQ/CHV PLUS	480 018
Valve module for the IQ SENSOR NET system 182 (external relay and compressed air supply)	DIQ/CHV	472 007
Air compressor to be triggered by relay, power supply 115 V AC	Cleaning Air Box - 115 VAC	480 017
Air compressor to be triggered by relay, power supply 230 V AC	Cleaning Air Box - 230 VAC	480 019

Mounting accessories

Description	Model	Order no.
Mounting set for horizontal installation with EH/F 170 swing mounting assembly	VIS Set/EH	481 073
Set for the mounting of UVVIS/SAC/NOx sensors to the S 200 electrode floater	VIS Set/F	481 080
Flow-through armature	VIS FT-1	480 080



Information on other IQ SENSOR NET accessories is given in the WTW catalog and on the Internet.

What to do if... CarboVis 70x IQ TS

7 What to do if...

"----" display (invalid measured value)

Cause	Remedy	
User calibration values entered incorrectly	 Correct the entry and enter once again (section 4.3.2) 	
 * Sensor check (H2O dest.) or * Zero adjustment or * Sensor check (standard) defective 	 Repeat * Sensor check (H2O dest.) or * Zero adjustment or * Sensor check (standard). Check conditions, especially cleanliness (section 4.3.3) 	
 Zero adjustment still erroneous after several trials 	- Contact service	
– Unknown	- See log book	

Implausible measured values

Cause	Remedy	
 Erroneous user calibration 	 Repeat user calibration. Make sure the samples for comparison are rep- resentative. 	
Substantial change of test sample (sample matrix)	Carry out new user calibration	
 Measurement windows dirty 	Clean the measurement windows	
Sensor setting wrong	Check and, if necessary, correct the Measuring mode, Measuring loca- tion sensor settings	
	 Carry out new user calibration 	
 Optical system maladjusted, e. g. due to inadmissible mechanical shock 	 Carry out * Sensor check (H2O dest.) or * Zero adjustment or * Sensor check (standard) 	

CarboVis 70x IQ TS What to do if...

Drifting measured	Cause	Remedy
values	Cleaning efficiency too low - measurement windows becoming more and more contaminated	 Clean the measurement windows (section 5.2.4) Use other cleaning method Select different measurement location Set longer cleaning duration Set more frequent cleaning procedures Install optional compressed air cleaning device
	- Failure of the optional compressed air cleaning system	 Clean the measurement windows (section 5.2.4) Check all components of the compressed air cleaning system (compressor, compressed air line, sensor, rinsing openings)
	Substantial change of test sample (sample matrix)	Carry out new user calibration
Display of <i>OFL</i>	Cause	Remedy
Display of <i>OFL</i>	Cause - Measuring range exceeded	Remedy - Check process
Display of <i>OFL</i>	-	
Display of <i>OFL</i>	Measuring range exceededForeign matter in the measuring	Check processClean the measuring gap (section
Display of <i>OFL</i> Measured values	 Measuring range exceeded Foreign matter in the measuring gap Erroneous user calibration 	 Check process Clean the measuring gap (section 5.2.3) Repeat user calibration. Make sure the samples for comparison are representative.
	Measuring range exceededForeign matter in the measuring gap	 Check process Clean the measuring gap (section 5.2.3) Repeat user calibration. Make sure the samples for comparison are rep-
Measured values fluctuating heavily Measured values	 Measuring range exceeded Foreign matter in the measuring gap Erroneous user calibration Cause Gas bubbles in front of the mea- 	 Check process Clean the measuring gap (section 5.2.3) Repeat user calibration. Make sure the samples for comparison are representative. Remedy Check the position within the pro-
Measured values fluctuating heavily	 Measuring range exceeded Foreign matter in the measuring gap Erroneous user calibration Cause Gas bubbles in front of the measurement windows 	 Check process Clean the measuring gap (section 5.2.3) Repeat user calibration. Make sure the samples for comparison are representative. Remedy Check the position within the process and the installation position

What to do if... CarboVis 70x IQ TS

Display of *ERROR*

Cause	Remedy		
 Sensor not correctly connected 	Check the assignment of the termi- nal connections		
 Load at a power supply module too high 	 Install another power supply module in the vicinity of the sensor 		
 IQ Sensor Net cable towards the CarboVis 70x IQ TS too long (voltage drop too great) 	 Install another power supply module in the vicinity of the sensor 		
 Electrical connection between power supply module and CarboVis 70x IQ TS is interrupted 	 Check the cable connection step- by-step starting with the power sup- ply module, and replace any defec- tive cable sections. 		
	 Check the contacts on the MIQ modules (stack mounting). Clean any dirty contacts. Carefully bend back contact springs that have been pressed flat or bent (pay attention to sufficient spring tension) 		

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Technical data

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8.1 Measurement characteristics

Measuring principle

Spectrophotometric Absorption measurement; integrated microprocessor elec-

tronics, shielded 2-wire connection for power and data transmission.

Light source Xenon flashlamp Lamp type

Detector Photo diodes 256

Wavelengths range 200 - 720 nm

> Measuring gap (optical layer thickness)

CarboVis 701 IQ TS 1 mm CarboVis 705 IQ TS 5 mm

Carbon measurement, 1 mm gap width

Measuring location	Measuring mode	Measuring range	Resolution
Inlet	COD spectr., total	0 20000 mg/L	1 mg/L
	COD spectr., dissolv	0 12500 mg/L	1 mg/L
	TOC spectr., correl.	0 20000 mg/L	1 mg/L
	DOC spectr., correl.	0 12500 mg/L	1 mg/L
	BOD spectr., correl.	0 8000 mg/L	1 mg/L
	SAC 254, total	0 5000 1/m	1 1/m
	SAC 254, dissolved	0 3000 1/m	1 1/m
	UVT 254, total*	0.0 100.0 %	0.1 %
	UVT 254, dissolved*	0.0 100.0 %	0.1 %
Activation	COD spectr., dissolv	0 12500 mg/L	1 mg/L
	DOC spectr., correl.	0 12500 mg/L	1 mg/L
	SAC 254, total	0 5000 1/m	1 1/m
	SAC 254, dissolved	0 3000 1/m	1 1/m
	UVT 254, total*	0.0 100.0 %	0.1 %
	UVT 254, dissolved*	0.0 100.0 %	0.1 %

Technical data CarboVis 70x IQ TS

Measuring location	Measuring mode	Measuring range	Resolution
Outlet	COD spectr., total	0 4000 mg/L	1 mg/L
	COD spectr., dissolv	0 4000 mg/L	1 mg/L
	TOC spectr., correl.	0 2500 mg/L	1 mg/L
	DOC spectr., correl.	0 2500 mg/L	1 mg/L
	BOD spectr., correl.	0 2500 mg/L	1 mg/L
	SAC 254, total	0 3000 1/m	1 1/m
	SAC 254, dissolved	0 3000 1/m	1 1/m
	UVT 254, total*	0.0 100.0 %	0.1 %
	UVT 254, dissolved*	0.0 100.0 %	0.1 %

^{*} The UVT-254 value is standardized to 10 mm gap width.

Carbon measurement, 5 mm gap width

Measuring location	Measuring mode	Measuring range	Resolution
Outlet	COD spectr., total	0.0 800.0 mg/L	0.1 mg/L
	COD spectr., dissolv	0.0 800.0 mg/L	0.1 mg/L
	TOC spectr., correl.	0.0 500.0 mg/L	0.1 mg/L
	DOC spectr., correl.	0.0 500.0 mg/L	0.1 mg/L
	BOD spectr., correl.	0.0 500.0 mg/L	0.1 mg/L
	SAC 254, total	0.0 600.0 1/m	0.1 1/m
	SAC 254, dissolved	0.0 600.0 1/m	0.1 1/m
	UVT 254, total*	0.0 100.0 %	0.1 %
	UVT 254, dissolved *	0.0 100.0 %	0.1 %

^{*} The UVT-254 value is standardized to 10 mm gap width.

TSS measurement, 1 mm gap width

Measuring location	Measuring mode	Measuring range	Resolution
Inlet	TSS	0.00 15.00 g/L	0.01 g/L
Activation	TSS	0.00 20.00 g/L	0.01 g/L
Outlet	TSS	0 4500 mg/L	1 mg/L

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Technical data

TSS	mea	sure	ment
5	mm	gap	width

Measuring location	Measuring mode	Measuring range	Resolution
Outlet	TSS	0.0 900.0 mg/L	0.1 mg/L



The quoted measuring ranges are nominal measuring ranges that are theoretically possible. In practice, real measuring ranges exist that are given by the limits of photometric determination. The limits are significantly influenced by the light scattering due to solids and the absorption of accompanying substances (sample matrix). Therefore, no fixed measuring range can be determined beforehand.

8.2 Application characteristics

Suitability and areas of application

Municipal wastewater with a low proportion of industrial wastewater

Measuring medium

pH value	4 - 12
Flow rate	< 3 m/s
Temperature	0 °C + 45 °C (32 °F + 113 °F)

Pressure resistance

Sensor with connected SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable:

Max. admissible overpressure 105 Pa (1 bar)

The sensor meets all requirements according to article 3(3) of 97/23/EC ("pressure equipment directive")

sure equipment directive").

Type of protection

Sensor with connected SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable:

IP X8, 1 bar (10⁵ Pa)

	sion	

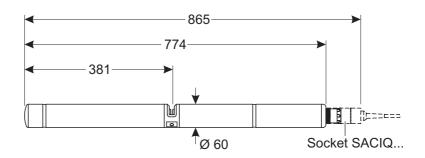
	The measuring gap must be filled with test sample.
max	10 m depth

Operating position Any

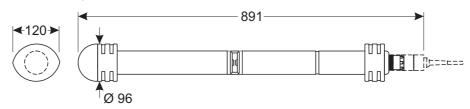
Technical data CarboVis 70x IQ TS

8.3 General data

Dimensions (in mm)



With shock protection:



Weight

Approx. 3.8 kg (without shock protectors and without sensor connection cable)

Approx. 4.8 kg (with shock protectors but without sensor connection cable)

Connection technique

Connection via SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable

Materials

Titan Grade 2
PEEK
PEEK
Sapphire
POM
ETFE (blue) Tefzel®
POM

Storage temperature

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Technical data

Meter safety Applicable norms

- EN 61010-1

- UL 61010-1

- CAN/CSA C22.2#61010-1

- IEC 62471

Test certificates CETLus, CE



Conforms to ANSI/UL 61010-1 Certified to CAN/CSA C22.2#61010-1"

2001759

8.4 Electrical data

Nominal voltage	Max. 24VDC via the IQ SENSOR NET (for more details, see chapter TECHNICAL DATA of the IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual)
Power consumption	8 W (maximum power consumption) 3.5 W (medium power consumption) If the system is supplied with power via a MIQ/WL PS o DIQ/S 28X, only the medium power consumption has to be taken into account.
Protective class	III

Indexes CarboVis 70x IQ TS

9 Indexes

9.1 Explanation of the messages

This chapter contains a list of all the message codes and related message texts that can occur in the log book of the IQ SENSOR NET system for the CarboVis 70x IQ TS sensor.



Information on the contents and structure of the log book and the structure of the message code is given in the LOG BOOK chapter of the IQ Sensor Net system operating manual.

The last three digits of the message code form the component code. It identifies the component (active component) that caused the message:

Some error messages contain an internal error code, starting with "#".

Module code	Component
3A3	CarboVis 701 IQ
3A4	CarboVis 705 IQ
3A7	SolidVis 701 IQ
3A8	SolidVis 705 IQ
3AS	CarboVis 701 IQ - virtual
3AT	CarboVis 701 IQ - virtual
3AU	CarboVis 701 IQ - virtual
3AV	CarboVis 701 IQ - virtual
3AX	CarboVis 705 IQ - virtual
3AY	CarboVis 705 IQ - virtual
3AZ	CarboVis 705 IQ - virtual
541	BasicVis IQ

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Indexes

9.1.1 Error messages

Message code	Message text
EA2541	Sensor temperature too high! * Check process and application
EA3541	Sensor temperature too low! * Check process and application
EAF541	Optical measuring range exceeded * Check process (TSS or measured value too high) * Select measuring location free of air bubbles * Remove foreign matter from measuring gap * Clean sensor * Optimize cleaning settings * Switch on signal smoothing, increase response time
EAI541	Zero adjustment erroneous * Clean the sensor and sensor sleeve repeatedly * Position the sensor sleeve according to operating manual * Rinse the measuring chamber with ultrapure water several times * Fill the measuring chamber with ultrapure water * Repeat the zero adjustment
EAM3Ax	Meas. range exceeded or undercut * Check process
EC33Ax	User calibration erroneous, Check raw value / reference value pairs: * Set all values within the measuring range (see operating manual) * Enter value pairs in ascending order
EI1541	Operational voltage too low * Check installation and cable lengths, Follow installation instructions * Power supply module(s) overloaded, add power supply module(s) * Check terminal and module connections * Defective components, replace components
EI2541	Operational voltage too low, no operation possible * Check installation and cable lengths, Follow installation instructions * Power supply module(s) overloaded, add power supply module(s) * Check terminal and module connections * Defective components, replace components
ES2541	Humidity to high in sensor * Contact service
ES3541	Failure optical measurement: deviation in reference channel too high * Execute zero ajustment

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Message code	Message text
ES4541	Overflow optical measurement * Execute zero ajustment
ES5541	Failure optical measurement: hardware * Contact service
ES6541	Failure optical measurement: software * Contact service
ES7541	Failure optical measurement: software BIOS * Contact service

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9.1.2 Informative messages

Message code	Message text	
IA23Ax	Calculation of negative concentrations * Perform user calibration or check user calibration	
IAC541	Zero adjustment was successfully carried out * Carry out sensor check * If required, carry out new user calibration	
IC3541	Factory calibration has been activated. Make sure the sensor operates correctly.	
IC4541	The last valid user zero adjustment was activated. Make sure the sensor operates correctly.	
IC5541	Invalid user zero adjustment was replaced by last valid user calibration Caution! Wrong measured values possible. Carry out a new successfuzero adjustment to make sure the sensor operates correctly.	
IC6541	The invalid user zero adjustment was replaced by the factory zero adjustment. Caution! Wrong measured values possible. Check whether the sensor operates correctly or carry out a new successful user zero adjustment.	

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9.2 Status info

The status info is a coded piece of information on the current status of a sensor. Each sensor sends this status info to the controller. The status info of sensors consists of 32 bits, each of which can have the value 0 or 1.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Status info, general structure

10000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(general)
00000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(internal)

16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

The bits 0 - 15 are reserved for general information.

The bits 16 - 21 are reserved for internal service information.

You obtain the status info:

- via a manual query in the *Einstellungen/Settingsl Servicel List of all components* menu (see system operating manual)
- by an automated query
 - from a superordinate process control (e. g. when connected to the Profibus)
 - of the IQ Data Server (see operating manual of the IQ SENSOR NET software pack)



The evaluation of the status info, e.g. in the case of an automated query, has to be made individually for each bit.

Status-Info CarboVis 70x IQ TS

Status bit	Explanation
Bit 0	Component hardware defective
Bit 1	Component hardware defective xxx
Bit 2	Optical measuring range exceeded
Bit 3-31	-

CarboVis 70x IQ TS Appendix: Glossary

10 Appendix: Glossary

Absorbance (Absorp-

tion)

Attenuation of the light beam when it penetrates the sample.

Adjusting To manipulate a measuring system so that the relevant value (e.g. the

displayed value) differs as little as possible from the correct value or a value that is regarded as correct, or that the difference remains

within the tolerance.

BSB, BOD Abbreviation for the "Biochemical Oxygen Demand". The biochemical

oxygen demand of the amount of oxygen required by microorganisms in order to aerobically decompose organic substances in an aqueous

solution.

Calibration Comparing the value from a measuring system (e. g. the displayed

value) to the correct value or a value that is regarded as correct. Often, this expression is also used when the measuring system is

adjusted at the same time (see adjusting).

Calibration value pair Value pair consisting of the raw value measured by the

CarboVis 70x IQ TS sensor, and a reference value measured e.g. by a laboratory determination. The calibration value pairs are the result

of the user calibration.

Concentration Mass or amount of a dissolved substance per volume, e. g. in g/L or

mol/L.

CSB, COD Abbreviation for the "Chemical Oxygen Demand". The chemical oxy-

gen demand is the equivalent amount of oxygen that is required for the complete oxidation of the organic (major part) and anorganic

(minor part) substances in an aqueous solution.

DOC Abbreviation for dissolved organic carbon. Concentration of

dissolved, organically bound carbon in water.

Measured parameterThe measured parameter is the physical dimension determined by

measuring, e.g. pH, conductivity or D.O. concentration.

Measured parameter

(correlated)

With the measuring method used, a correlated measured parameter is not determined directly. A correlated measured parameter can,

however, be derived from a determinable measured parameter. The precondition for this is that there is a reproducible interrelationship (correlation) between the determinable and correlated measured

parameter.

Measured value The measured value is the special value of a measured parameter to

be determined. It is given as a combination of the numerical value and

unit (e. g. 3 m; 0.5 s; 5.2 A; 373.15 K).

The measured value is determined from the raw value taking into account the data from a user calibration. The measured value is displayed together with the raw value in the measured value display.

Appendix: Glossary CarboVis 70x IQ TS

Measuring gap The measuring gap is between the two measurement windows. In the

measuring gap, the light beam penetrates the test sample.

Measuring system The measuring system comprises all the devices used for measuring,

e. g. measuring instrument and sensor. In addition, there is the cable

and possibly an amplifier, terminal box and armature.

Raw value The raw value is determined from the spectrum while taking into

account the data from the zero adjustment. The raw value is displayed on the right side of the measured value in the measured value display.

Reference sampleRandom sample of the test sample for comparative chemical-analyt-

ical laboratory analyses intended for user calibration.

Resolution Smallest difference between two measured values that can be

displayed by a meter.

Sample matrix Composition of the test sample of different individual substances.

Test sample Designation of the test sample ready to be measured.

Ultrapure water (H2O

dist.)

Ultrapure water is distilled or deionized water suitable for analysis

purposes.

Zero adjustment Measuring and saving the absorbance spectrum of ultrapure water.

Defines the zero points in the spectrum for all wavelengths. The light beam is not alleviated at the zero point. The zero point influences the

calculation of the raw value.

TOC Abbreviation for total organic carbon. Total amount of organically

bound carbon in water.

UVT (dissolved) Transmission measurement after turbidity correction

(reference measurement at 550 nm).

UVT (total) Transmission measurement at a certain wavelength.

The UVT-254 value is standardized to 10 mm gap width.

Xylem | zīləm

- 1) The tissue in plants that brings water upward from the roots;
- 2) a leading global water technology company.

We're a global team unified in a common purpose: creating advanced technology solutions to the world's water challenges. Developing new technologies that will improve the way water is used, conserved, and reused in the future is central to our work. Our products and services move, treat, analyze, monitor and return water to the environment, in public utility, industrial, residential and commercial building services settings. Xylem also provides a leading portfolio of smart metering, network technologies and advanced analytics solutions for water, electric and gas utilities. In more than 150 countries, we have strong, long-standing relationships with customers who know us for our powerful combination of leading product brands and applications expertise with a strong focus on developing comprehensive, sustainable solutions.

For more information on how Xylem can help you, go to www.xylem.com.



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